

```

//PROBLEM FOR SEQUENTIAL SIMPLEX METHOD//
#include<iostream.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MACHEPS 1e-15

class funct
{
public:
double functvalue1;
void Eval(double x1,double x2)
{
/*objective function equation*/
//functvalue1=((x1-x2)+(2*x1*x1)+(2*x1*x2)+(x2*x2));
functvalue1=pow((x1*x1+x2-11),2)+pow((x1+x2*x2-7),2);
}
}

main(void)
{
funct defunct;
double Y[4],max,min,sum1,Yc,Ye,Yr,Yo,Xc[4],Xe[4],Xr[4],Xo[4],sum2;
double e,xk1,xk2,xk3,total,X[4][3];
int i,l,m,n,j,h,lo,found,tmax;

printf("\n How many dimensions: "); scanf("%d",&l);
printf("\n Accuracy: "); scanf("%lf",&e);
printf("\n Maximum number of iterations: "); scanf("%d",&m);
printf("\n Alpha(Reflection Coefficient): "); scanf("%lf",&xk1);
printf("\n Beta(contraction Coefficient): "); scanf("%lf",&xk2);
printf("\n Gamma(Expansion Coefficient) : "); scanf("%lf",&xk3);
printf("\n Points needed to define initial simplex is=%d",l+1);
printf("\n Initial guess:\n\n");

for (i=1; i<=l+1; i++)
{
for (j=1; j<l+1; j++)
{
printf(" X(%d) (%d)= ",i,j);
scanf("%lf",&X[i][j]);
}
}

n=0;
for(tmax=1;tmax<=m;tmax++)
{
for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
{
defunct.Eval(X[i][1],X[i][2]);
Y[i]=defunct.functvalue1;
}
if(Y[1]>Y[2])
{
if(Y[1]>Y[3])
{
if(Y[2]>Y[3])
{
max=Y[1];
h=1;
min=Y[3];
lo=3;
}
else
{
max=Y[1];
h=1;
min=Y[2];
lo=2;
}
}
}
}
}
}

```

```

    }
    else
    {
        max=Y[3];
        h=3;
        min=Y[2];
        lo=2;
    }
}
else
{
    if(Y[2]>Y[3])
    {
        if(Y[1]>Y[3])
        {
            max=Y[2];
            h=2;
            min=Y[3];
            lo=3;
        }
        else
        {
            max=Y[2];
            h=2;
            min=Y[1];
            lo=1;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        max=Y[3];
        h=3;
        min=Y[1];
        lo=1;
    }
}

//To find Centroid
sum1=0.0;
sum2=0.0;
for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
{
    if(i!=h)
    {
        sum1=sum1+X[i][1];
        sum2=sum2+X[i][2];
    }
}

Xo[1]=sum1/2.0;
Xo[2]=sum2/2.0;
defunct.Eval(Xo[1],Xo[2]);
Yo=defunct.functvalue1;

//Find Xr by reflection  $X_r=(1+\alpha)X_o-(\alpha*\max)$ 
for(i=1;i<l+1;i++)
{
    Xr[i]=((1+xk1)*Xo[i])-(xk1*X[h][i]);
}
defunct.Eval(Xr[1],Xr[2]);
Yr=defunct.functvalue1;
found=1;
if(Yr<min)
{
//To find Xe by expansion  $X_e=(\gamma*X_r)+(1-\gamma*X_o)$ 
for(i=1;i<l+1;i++)
{
    Xe[i]=(xk3*Xr[i])+((1-xk3)*Xo[i]);
}
defunct.Eval(Xe[1],Xe[2]);
Ye=defunct.functvalue1;
if(Ye<min)
{
    X[h][1]=Xe[1];
    X[h][2]=Xe[2];
}
}

```

```

        Y[h]=Ye;
        goto e51;
    }
    else
    {
        X[h][1]=Xr[1];
        X[h][2]=Xr[2];
        Y[h]=Yr;
        goto e51;
    }
}
else
{
    for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
    {
        if(i!=h)
        {
            if(Yr>Y[i]) found=1;
            else
            {
                found=0;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    if(found==0)
    {
        X[h][1]=Xr[1];
        X[h][2]=Xr[2];
        Y[h]=Yr;
        goto e51;
    }
    else
    {
        if(Yr>max)
        {
            //Find Xc by contraction xc=beta*Xh +(1-beta)*Xo
            for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
            {
                Xc[i]=(xk2*X[h][i])+((1-xk2)*Xo[i]);
            }
            defunct.Eval(Xc[1],Xc[2]);
            Yc=defunct.functvalue1;

            if(Yc>min)
            {
                for (i=1; i<=l+1; i++)
                {
                    for (j=1; j<=l+1; j++)
                    {
                        X[i][j]=(X[i][j]+X[l0][j])/2.0;
                    }
                }
                for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
                {
                    defunct.Eval(X[i][1],X[i][2]);
                    Y[i]=defunct.functvalue1;
                }

                goto e51;
            }
            else
            {
                X[h][1]=Xc[1];
                X[h][2]=Xc[2];
                //max=Yc;
                Y[h]=Yc;
                goto e51;
            }
        }
        else
        {
            X[h][1]=Xr[1];

```

```

        X[h][2]=Xr[2];
        Y[h]=Yr;
        goto e51;
    }
}

e51:
total=0.0;
for(i=1;i<=l+1;i++)
{
    total=total+(Y[i]-Yo)*(Y[i]-Yo);
}
total=total/(l+1);
total=sqrt(total);

// Check for maximum iterations and convergence
n++;
//if (n>=m) break;
if (total<e) break;
}

/*INPUTS:
l - The dimension of function to study
e - The convergence criteria
m - The maximum number of iterations
xk - A starting constant
X[i] - Initial values of variables

OUTPUTS:
X[i] - The locally optimum set
Eval - The value of local maximum
n - The number of iterations performed,*/

printf("\n\n The results are:\n\n");
printf("X(1) = %1.7f\n X(2) = %1.7f\n",X[lo][1],X[lo][2]);
defunct.Eval(X[lo][1],X[lo][2]);
Y[lo]=defunct.functvalue1;
printf("\nMinima found = %2.7f\n",Y[lo]);
printf("\n The number of iterations was %d\n\n",n);
}

// End of file

```